

1. An optical logic circuit, comprising:

a substrate comprising of a first material; and
an optical layer overlaying the substrate at least
partially comprising a second material, the optical layer configured to
provide a plurality of optical pathways, at least one optical pathway
configured to transmit an optical bias, at least one optical pathway
configured to provide an optical input, and at least one optical pathway
configured to provide an optical output,

wherein the optical pathways are configured to provide a Boolean logic output based on the at least one optical input.

- 2. The optical logic circuit of claim 1, further comprising: an interference region configured to selectively cause interference of wavefronts of light entering the interference region.
- 3. The optical logic circuit of claim 2, wherein the interference region includes a first selective input, a bias input, and an interference region output.
- 4. The optical logic circuit of claim 3, wherein the interference region is configured to cause substantial cancellation of light exiting the interference region output when light is provided to the interference region through the first selective input.
- 5. The optical logic circuit of claim 3, wherein the interference region includes a second selective input.

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1	6.	The optical logic circuit of claim 5, wherein the
2	interference region	is configured to cause substantial cancellation of light
3 -	exiting the interfer	ence region output when light is provided to the
4	interference region	through both the first selective input and the second
5	selective input.	
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- 7. The optical logic circuit of claim 1, wherein the Boolean logic output is representative of the NOT (inverter) function.
- 1 8. The optical logic circuit of claim 1, wherein the 2 Boolean logic output is representative of the NOT AND (NAND) function.
- 9. The optical logic circuit of claim 1, having a multiplicity of optical logic gates configured to function as an optical processor.
 - 10. The optical logic circuit of claim 9, wherein the optical processor is comprises NOT (inverter) gates and NOT AND (NAND) gates.
- 1 11. An optical logic gate for an optical processor, comprising:

a substrate configured of a first material;

a patterned optical layer overlying the substrate at
least partially configured of a second material, the patterned optical layer
providing a plurality of optical conduits of the second material, at least

6 providing a plurality of optical conduits of the second material, at least

one of the optical conduits configured to receive an optical input and at least one of the optical conduits configured to provide an optical output,

wherein the optical conduits are configured to provide

a Boolean logic output based on the at least one optical input.

1	12.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, further comprising:
2		at least two optical conduits configured to receive an
3	optical input,	
4		wherein one of the optical inputs is an optical bias
5	input.	
1	13.	The optical logic gate of claim 12, wherein the optical
2	logic gate provides	a Boolean NOT function.
1	14.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, further comprising: at least three optical conduits configured to receive an
2	optical input,	at least till de option contains comigaine to receive an
4	optical input,	wherein one of the optical inputs is an optical bias
5	input.	Wherein one of the option inputs is an option side
3	mpat.	
1	15.	The optical logic gate of claim 14, wherein the optical
2	logic gate provides	a Boolean NOT function.
1	1,6.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, further comprising:
2	/	an interference region coupled to at least two of the
3	optical inputs and	at least one of the optical outputs.
1	/ 17.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, wherein the first
2	material comprises	silicon (Si).
1	18.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, wherein the second
2	material comprises	doped siligon (Si).
1	19.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, wherein the first
2	material comprises	Gallium Arsenide (GaAs).
1	20.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, wherein the second
2	material comprises	doped Gallium Arsenide (GaAs).



•	21.	The optical logic gate of claim 11, wherein the optic	al
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input is opi	deally c	oupled to a caser diode.	

- 22. The optical logic gate of claim 11, wherein the optical input is optically coupled to a semiconductor diode.
- 23. A method of creating at least one optical logic gate, comprising; providing a substrate of a first material;
- providing a second material overlying the first material;
- 5 patterning the second material by removing at least
- 6 some of the second material; and
- providing a third material overlying at least the
- 8 substrate.

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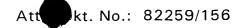
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- 1 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the second material 2 is configured to provide pathways for the transmission of electromagnetic 3 radiation within a predetermined wavelength spectrum.
 - 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the third material is configured to provide pathways for the transmission of electromagnetic radiation within a predetermined wavelength spectrum.
 - 26. The method of claim 23, further comprising: planarizing the third material.
- 1 27. The method of claim 23, further comprising:
 2 providing at least one optical input pathway and at
 3 least one optical output pathway of one of the second material and the
- 4 third material.



1	28.	The method of claim 27, further comprising:
2		coupling an electromagnetic emitter to the at least one
3	optical input pathy	way; and
4		coupling an electromagnetic detector to the at least
5	one optical output	pathway.
1	29.	The method of claim 23, wherein the first material is
2	substantially silico	n.
1	30.	The method of claim 23, wherein one of the second
2	material and the tl	nird material is a doped silicon material.
1	31.	A method of providing a Boolean logic optical output
2	based on at least	one optical input, comprising:
3		providing light to the at least one optical input;
4		providing a plurality of optical pathways;
5		providing a light; and
6		providing an optical output, the optical output based
7	on the at least one	e input and representative of a Boolean logic function.
1	32.	The method of claim 31, further comprising:
2		providing at least a portion of the plurality of optical
3	pathways configur	red to selectively cause interference between of
4	different wavefron	ts of light.
1	33.	The method of claim 31, wherein the Boolean logic
2	function is a NOT	(inverter) gate.
1	34.	The method of claim 31, wherein the Boolean logic
2	function is a NOT	AND (NAND) gate.

1	35. The method of claim 31, wherein the Boolean logic
2	function is configured of NOT (invertee) gates and Not AND (NAND)
3	gates.
1	36. An optical ogic circuit, comprising:
2	a substrate comprising a first material; and
3	an optical layer overlaying the substrate at least
4	partially comprising a second material, the optical layer being patterned to
5	provide a plurality of optical pathways, at least one optical pathway
6	configured to provide an optical input, and at least one optical pathway
7	configured to provide an optical output,
8	wherein the optical pathways are configured to
9	provide a Boolean logic output based on the at least one optical input.
1	37. The optical logic circuit of claim 36, further
2	comprising:
3	an interference region configured to selectively cause
4	interference of wavefronts of light entering the interference region.
1	38. The optical logic circuit of claim 37, wherein the
2	interference region includes a first selective input, a bias input, and an
3	interference region output, the bias input transmitting an optical bias
4	signal.
1	39. The optical logic circuit of claim 38, wherein the
2	interference region is configured to cause substantial cancellation of light
3	exiting the interference region output when light is provided to the
4	interference region through the first selective input.

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- The optical log/c/dircuit of claim 38, wherein the 40. 1 interference region includes a second selective input. 2
 - The optical/logic circuit of claim 40, wherein the 41. interference region is configured to cause substantial cancellation of light exiting the interference region output when light is provided to the interference region through both the first selective input and the second selective input, and light is provided to neither of the first and second selective inputs.
 - The optical logic circuit of claim 36, wherein the 42. Boolean logic outp 1/2 representative of the NOT (inverter) function.
 - The optical logic circuit of claim 36, wherein the 43. Boolean logic output is representative of the NOT AND (NAND) function.
 - The optical logic circuit of claim 36, having a 44 multiplicity of ptical logic gates configured to function as an optical processor.
 - The optical logic circuit of claim 44, wherein the 45. optical processor is configured o**∜**MOT (inverter) gates and NOT AND (NAND) gates.
 - The optigal logic circuit of claim 36, wherein the 46. Boolean logic output is representative of the XOR (exclusive OR) function.

